



# Security Assessment

## **Trustswap Inc**

Jun 18th, 2021



# Table of Contents

## Summary

### Overview

Project Summary

Audit Summary

Vulnerability Summary

Audit Scope

### Findings

TTF-01 : `event` Optimization

TTF-02 : Inexistent Input Sanitization

TTF-03 : Return Variable Utilization

TTF-04 : Function Visibility Optimization

TTT-01 : Inexistent Input Sanitization

### Appendix

### Disclaimer

### About

# Summary

This report has been prepared for Trustswap Inc. smart contracts, to discover issues and vulnerabilities in the source code of their Smart Contract as well as any contract dependencies that were not part of an officially recognized library. A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Static Analysis and Manual Review techniques.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders.
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry experts.

The security assessment resulted in findings that ranged from critical to informational. We recommend addressing these findings to ensure a high level of security standards and industry practices. We suggest recommendations that could better serve the project from the security perspective:

- Enhance general coding practices for better structures of source codes;
- Add enough unit tests to cover the possible use cases given they are currently missing in the repository;
- Provide more comments per each function for readability, especially contracts are verified in public;
- Provide more transparency on privileged activities once the protocol is live.

No notable vulnerabilities were identified in the codebase and it makes use of the latest security principles and style guidelines.

# Overview

## Project Summary

Project Name	Trustswap Inc
Description	A typical ERC-20 token factory.
Platform	Ethereum
Language	Solidity
Codebase	<a href="https://ropsten.etherscan.io/address/0xf94413cf315cb461637be61c2b9cf2a4b457a466#code">https://ropsten.etherscan.io/address/0xf94413cf315cb461637be61c2b9cf2a4b457a466#code</a>
Commit	

## Audit Summary

Delivery Date	Jun 18, 2021
Audit Methodology	Static Analysis, Manual Review
Key Components	ERC-20 Token, Token Factory

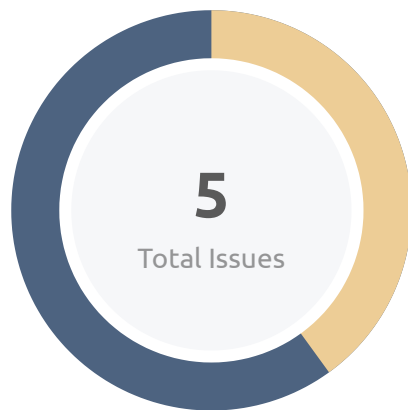
## Vulnerability Summary

Total Issues	5
● Critical	0
● Major	0
● Medium	0
● Minor	2
● Informational	3
● Discussion	0

## Audit Scope

ID	file	SHA256 Checksum
TTT	TeamToken.sol	638d9bc7f10ca14973f2a7d33c318461c1e1d44cc7acf8a989d3209e105a7984
TTF	TeamTokenFactory.sol	3ab8b84bcc1f9790c9da7c57b1210939651f7404917af56f5e2e279cb77af80

# Findings



<span style="color: red;">■</span> Critical	0 (0.00%)
<span style="color: orange;">■</span> Major	0 (0.00%)
<span style="color: yellow;">■</span> Medium	0 (0.00%)
<span style="color: gold;">■</span> Minor	2 (40.00%)
<span style="color: darkblue;">■</span> Informational	3 (60.00%)
<span style="color: green;">■</span> Discussion	0 (0.00%)

ID	Title	Category	Severity	Status
TTF-01	event Optimization	Language Specific	● Informational	☑ Resolved
TTF-02	Inexistent Input Sanitization	Logical Issue	● Minor	☑ Resolved
TTF-03	Return Variable Utilization	Gas Optimization	● Informational	☑ Resolved
TTF-04	Function Visibility Optimization	Gas Optimization	● Informational	☑ Resolved
TTT-01	Inexistent Input Sanitization	Logical Issue	● Minor	☑ Resolved

## TTF-01 | event Optimization

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Language Specific	● Informational	TeamTokenFactory.sol: 10	🟢 Resolved

### Description

The `TeamTokenCreated` event declaration can add its `address` & `string` arguments on the `topics` data structure, hence allowing for easier off-chain monitoring.

### Recommendation

We advise to use the `indexed` attribute on the `address` & `string` arguments.

### Alleviation

The development team opted to consider our references and added the `indexed` attribute to the `address` & `string` arguments.

## TTF-02 | Inexistent Input Sanitization

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Logical Issue	● Minor	TeamTokenFactory.sol: 12~14, 16~18	☑ Resolved

### Description

The linked functions fail to check the values of the arguments.

### Recommendation

We advise to add a `require` statement, checking the input values against the zero address.

### Alleviation

The development team opted to consider our references and added the `checkIsAddressValid` modifier in the codebase.



## TTF-03 | Return Variable Utilization

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Gas Optimization	● Informational	TeamTokenFactory.sol: 20	☑ Resolved

### Description

The linked function declarations contain explicitly named `return` variables that are not utilized within the function's code block.

### Recommendation

We advise that the linked variables are either utilized or omitted from the declaration.

### Alleviation

The development team opted to consider our references and removed the return variable.

## TTF-04 | Function Visibility Optimization

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Gas Optimization	● Informational	TeamTokenFactory.sol: 20	☑ Resolved

### Description

The linked function is declared as `external` and contains array-based function arguments.

### Recommendation

We advise that the array-based arguments change their data location from `memory` to `calldata`, optimizing the gas cost of the function.

### Alleviation

The development team opted to consider our references and added the `calldata` attribute to the array-based function arguments.

## TTT-01 | Inexistent Input Sanitization

Category	Severity	Location	Status
Logical Issue	● Minor	TeamToken.sol: 8~19	✓ Resolved

### Description

The constructor fails to check the values of the arguments.

### Recommendation

We advise to add `require` statements, checking that token information will not be blank and the wallet addresses will be non-zero addresses.

### Alleviation

The development team opted to consider our references and added the `checkIsValid` modifier in the codebase along with `require` statements.

# Appendix

## Finding Categories

### Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimal EVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

### Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on how `block.timestamp` works.

### Language Specific

Language Specific findings are issues that would only arise within Solidity, i.e. incorrect usage of `private` or `delete`.

## Checksum Calculation Method

The "Checksum" field in the "Audit Scope" section is calculated as the SHA-256 (Secure Hash Algorithm 2 with digest size of 256 bits) digest of the content of each file hosted in the listed source repository under the specified commit.

The result is hexadecimal encoded and is the same as the output of the Linux `sha256sum` command against the target file.

# Disclaimer

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Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk. CertiK's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security. CertiK's goal is to help reduce the attack vectors and the high level of variance associated with utilizing new and consistently changing technologies, and in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze.

## About

Founded in 2017 by leading academics in the field of Computer Science from both Yale and Columbia University, CertiK is a leading blockchain security company that serves to verify the security and correctness of smart contracts and blockchain-based protocols. Through the utilization of our world-class technical expertise, alongside our proprietary, innovative tech, we're able to support the success of our clients with best-in-class security, all whilst realizing our overarching vision; provable trust for all throughout all facets of blockchain.

